

TERRIBLE WORK OF A MOB

The Members of a Lynching Party in Georgia Revenge a Crime in a Fiendish Manner.

THEY BURN A COLORED MAN AT THE STAKE

Before the Torch is Applied His Ears and Fingers are Cut Off and His Body Saturated with Oil—Spectators Fight to Secure Ghastly Relics of the Scene.

Newnan, Ga., April 24.—Sam Hose, the murderer of Alfred Cranford and the ravisher of his wife, was burned at the stake two miles from here at 2:30 Sunday afternoon in the presence of 2,500 people.

Before the torch was applied to the pyre, the negro was deprived of his ears, fingers and other portions of his anatomy. The negro pleaded pitifully for his life, while the mutilation was going on, but stood the ordeal of fire with surprising fortitude. Before the body was cool, it was cut to pieces, the bones were crushed into small bits and even the tree upon which the wretch met his fate was torn up and disposed of as souvenirs. The negro's heart was cut in several pieces, as was also his liver. Those unable to obtain the ghastly relics direct, paid their more fortunate possessors extravagant sums for them. Small pieces of bone went for 25 cents, and a bit of the liver, crisply cooked, sold for ten cents. As soon as the negro was seen to be dead there was a tremendous struggle among the crowd which had witnessed his tragic end to secure the souvenirs. A rush was made for the stake, and those near the body were forced against it, and had to fight for their freedom. Knives were quickly produced, and the body was soon dismembered.

The mob was composed of citizens of Newnan, Griffin, Palmetto and other little towns in the country round about Newnan, and of all the farmers who had received word that the burning was to take place. One of the men who lifted the can of kerosene to the negro's head is said to be a native of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania. His name is known to those who were with him, but they refuse to divulge it.

Tried to Shoot Ex-Governor.

Hon. W. Y. Atkinson, former governor of Georgia, met the mob as he was returning from church and he appealed to them to let the law take its course. In addressing the mob he used these words: "Some of you are known to me, and when this affair is finally settled in the courts you may depend upon it that I will testify against you." A member of the mob was seen to draw a revolver and level it at Gov. Atkinson, but his arm was seized and the pistol taken from him. The mob was frantic at delays and would hear to nothing but burning at the stake.

Made a Partial Confession.

Hose confessed to killing Cranford, but denied that he had outraged Mrs. Cranford. Before being put to death the negro stated that he had been paid \$12 by "Lige" Strickland, a negro preacher at Palmetto, to kill Cranford. Sam Hose killed Alfred Cranford, a white farmer, near Palmetto and outraged his wife ten days ago. Since that time business in that part of the state has been suspended, the entire population turning out in an effort to capture Hose. He successfully eluded pursuit until discovered near Macon.

Gov. Chandler has been asked to send troops here to preserve order for a day or two, as it is feared the negroes will wreak vengeance, many threats to that effect having been made.

Two Women Murdered.

St. Louis, April 24.—A special to the Republic from Murphysboro, Ill., says: In a house near Mount Carbon Mine No. 6, in a lonely strip of woods, the bodies of two murdered women were found Sunday. They were Mrs. Mary E. Daire, wife of a miner, and Miss May Millstead, a friend who had been staying with Mrs. Daire during her husband's absence. Both had evidently been shot and then strangled with a club. The house was plundered. It is believed the murder was committed Friday.

Dead of Insane Patient.

Yuba City, Cal., April 23.—Richard Willis, insane, confined in the court-house, managed to fire the building, and was himself burned to death. The county jail adjoining was also completely destroyed. There were no prisoners in the jail. Most of the county records were saved. The loss will amount to about \$40,000, well insured.

No Plague at Paris.

Paris, April 22.—The police officials announce that there is utterly no foundation for the report, circulated by the Fronde of this city, that three cases of the plague have occurred among the employees in one of the big stores of this city, to which the disease was alleged to have been brought in carpets of eastern manufacture.

Children Burned.

Berne, Ind., April 20.—The orphan's home here burned yesterday and Katie Dibelbaker, 14 years old, of Cleveland, O.; Mamie Braddick, 15 years old, of Chicago, Ill.; Della Taylor, seven years old, of Linn Grove, Ill., were burned to death.

President May Attend.

Youngstown, O., April 20.—President McKinley has accepted an invitation to attend the state encampment of the G. A. R. to be held here the latter part of June, provided other engagements of an official character do not interfere.

Once Famous Jockey Dead.

Lexington, Ky., April 22.—Clarence W. Bryant, the one-time famous negro jockey who rode many winners for the late Byron McClelland, died here Friday night, aged 21 years.

SPEAKER REED TO RESIGN.

Will Become a Member of Law Firm of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum, of New York.

New York, April 20.—It is announced here that Speaker Thomas B. Reed has accepted the offer to become a member of the law firm of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum, in this city. It is understood that Mr. Reed will resign his seat in congress and remove to New York. The statement has been made



SPEAKER THOMAS B. REED.

that Mr. Reed is guaranteed a yearly income of \$50,000. Before settling down here Mr. Reed will make a protracted visit to Europe.

OUR REVENUES.

They Show an Increase for the Nine Months of the Fiscal Year of Over \$77,700,000.

Washington, April 21.—The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that during the month of March, 1899, the total receipts were \$22,738,447, an increase over March, 1898, of \$9,491,340. Among the special and miscellaneous taxes are the following items: Bankers, \$16,284; brokers in stocks and bonds, \$11,573; circuses, theaters, etc., \$3,370; filled cheese, \$2,261; excise taxes on gross receipts, \$56,425; legacies, \$112,582; documentary and proprietary stamps, \$3,892,100; playing cards, \$30,301. For the nine months of the present fiscal year the total receipts were \$201,522,141, an increase over the corresponding period of last year of \$77,700,409.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Standing of the Clubs in the National League Contest for the Championship of 1899.

The following table shows the number of games won and lost and the percentage of the clubs of the National Baseball league up to date:

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
St. Louis	10	0	1.000
Philadelphia	5	0	.750
Boston	4	0	.714
Chicago	4	0	.696
Baltimore	4	0	.667
Louisville	4	0	.667
Brooklyn	3	0	.625
New York	3	0	.625
Cincinnati	3	0	.625
Cleveland	3	0	.600
Pittsburgh	3	0	.600
Washington	3	0	.577

Not a Candidate for Re-election.

Washington, April 22.—Vice President Hobart has definitely informed his personal friends here, including President McKinley, that he will not be a candidate for re-election. This decision is due to the ill health of the vice president and the necessity of putting aside as far as possible all cares and responsibilities. It is even doubtful if the vice president will be able to perform his duties next winter as presiding officer of the senate.

Twelve Drowned.

St. Augustine, Fla., April 24.—Considerable excitement was created here early Sunday afternoon by a small boat out at sea giving signals of distress. Capt. Allen immediately went to its assistance in the yacht Baldwin. Upon nearing the boat he found it to be the missing lifeboat of the steamer Gen. Whitney, which foundered north of Cape Canaveral during Friday night. The other lifeboat was swamped in the surf and 12 men drowned.

Tragedy in Wisconsin.

Phillips, Wis., April 22.—Michael Bartemus, who lives a short distance from this city, attempted to murder his wife by shooting Friday. He then turned the weapon upon himself, inflicting injuries which caused his death. Mrs. Bartemus is suffering from a severe flesh wound and will recover. Domestic trouble was the cause of the tragedy.

Takes Issue with the Governor.

Washington, April 24.—President McKinley has received a letter from Lieut. Gov. John T. Keane, of South Dakota, strongly opposing Gov. Lee's demand for the recall of the South Dakota volunteers from Manila, and asserting that the governor does not represent the true sentiment of the state.

Exchanges.

New York, April 22.—The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 21st aggregated \$1,975,962,484 against \$2,124,932,423 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week in 1898 was 77.1.

Ex-Congressman Dead.

Norwich, Conn., April 22.—Ex-Congressman John T. Wait died at his home in this city, at the age of 88 years. Death was due to old age. Mr. Wait was a republican member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth congresses.

Found New Land.

Montevideo, April 20.—Members of the Belgian antarctic expedition who arrived here report the discovery of land previously unknown, which they named Danco.

New Senator.

Tallahassee, Fla., April 20.—The legislature yesterday elected James P. Tallaferra (dem.), of Jacksonville, United States senator.

TROOPS SUFFER HEAVILY.

Col. Stotsenburg and Six Other Americans Slain Near Malolos by the Insurgents.

FORTY-NINE MORE ARE BADLY WOUNDED

Battle the Severest and Most Disastrous Since Fighting in the Philippines Began—Natives Flee from Their Breastworks with Slight Loss—Will Have Revenge.

Manila, April 24.—In an encounter with the Filipinos Sunday near Quinua, about four miles northeast of Malolos, seven Americans were killed and 49 wounded. The following were killed: Col. John M. Stotsenburg, of the First Nebraska regiment, formerly of the Sixth cavalry.

Lieut. Sisson, of the same regiment. Two privates of the Nebraska regiment.

Three privates of the Fourth cavalry. Most of the wounded belong to the First Nebraska regiment.

The Filipinos retreated with small loss.

Disastrous But Successful.

The engagement developed into a disastrous, though successful, fight. The insurgents had a horseshoe trench, about a mile long, encircling a rice field, on the edge of a wood. Maj. Bell, with 40 cavalymen, encountered a strong outpost. One of his men was killed and five were wounded by a vol-



GETTING THE PEACE PROCLAMATIONS INTO THE INTERIOR.

ley. The Americans retired, carrying their wounded under fire and with great difficulty, being closely pursued, a fog enabling the enemy to creep up to them.

Brave Officer Killed.

Finally the Second battalion arrived, and then Col. Stotsenburg, who had spent the night with his family at Manila, came upon the field. The men immediately recognized him and raised a cheer. Col. Stotsenburg, deciding to charge as the cheapest way out of the difficulty, led the attack at the head of his regiment. He fell with a bullet in the breast, dying instantly, about 200 yards from the breastworks.

Lieut. Sisson fell with a bullet in his heart, the bullet striking him near the picture of a girl suspended by a ribbon from his neck.

In the meantime the artillery had arrived and shelled the trenches. The Filipinos stood until the Nebraska troops were right on the trenches, and then they bolted to the second line of intrenchments, a mile back.

The Nebraska regiment lost two privates killed and had many wounded, including two lieutenants. The Iowa regiment had several wounded. The Utah regiment had one officer and three men wounded.

Thirteen dead Filipinos were found in the trench. Their loss was comparatively small on account of their safe shelter.

The Americans carried the second trench with small loss and are now holding the town.

Will Have Revenge.

The loss of the Nebraska regiment in the campaign is the greatest sustained by any regiment, and Sunday's disaster has greatly saddened officers and men, who promise to take fierce vengeance in the next fight.

Col. Stotsenburg has won a reputation as one of the bravest fighters in the army. He always led his regiment and had achieved remarkable popularity with his men since the war began, although, during his first colonelcy, the volunteers, who were not used to the rigid discipline of the regular troops, thought him a hard officer.

Dewey Still in the Dark.

Washington, April 24.—From a dispatch received by Secretary Long from Admiral Dewey Sunday, it is evident the latter is still in the dark respecting the whereabouts of Lieut. Gilmore and party, of the Yorktown, who, it is thought, were ambushed and captured by a party of Filipinos while on a voyage to rescue Spanish prisoners near Balir. The Admiral says he is endeavoring to ascertain the situation of the Lieutenant and his party.

In the Field Again.

Manila, April 24.—Gen. Lawton

took the field at daybreak Saturday, with a column of troops consisting of the North Dakota regiment, two battalions of the Third infantry, the Twenty-second infantry, two guns of Scott's battery, three troops of the Fourth cavalry and Gale's squadron, equipped in light marching order. This force started at five o'clock in the morning over the Novaliches road, traveling the country previously cleared of rebels, but subsequently reoccupied by them. It is to be presumed that Gen. Lawton by this movement will outflank the enemy before joining Gen. MacArthur north of Malolos.

TAKES HIS OWN LIFE.

Col. M. L. Clark, the Turfman, Shoots Himself at Memphis While Suffering from Melancholia.

Memphis, Tenn., April 24.—Col. M. Lewis Clark, of Louisville, the well-known racing judge, committed suicide here in his room in the Gaston hotel while suffering from melancholia.

Col. Clark was one of the most notable figures of the American turf. Over 25 years of his life were devoted to it, during all of which no breath of scandal has ever assailed his name. He was the author of a majority of the turf rules or laws of the present day and the founder of the first American turf congress.

DIED IN A BOAT.

Young San Franciscan and Eight Salvadoran Natives Perish of Thirst on the Pacific.

San Francisco, April 22.—The steamship City of Para, which arrived

GREAT DAY FOR MR. QUAY

Is Declared Not Guilty of Criminal Charges—Appointed Senator by Gov. Stone.

HE IS THUS COMPLETELY VINDICATED.

Demonstration Prevented in Courtroom, But Outside His Friends Give Vent to Their Satisfaction—Urged to Prosecute His Enemies—Charges Upon Which He Was Tried.

Philadelphia, April 22.—Matthew Stanley Quay was Friday declared by a jury of his peers to be not guilty of the charge of conspiring to use for his own unlawful gain and profit the funds of the state of Pennsylvania deposited in the People's bank, of this city. This verdict was announced by the foreman of the jury just as the hands of the courtroom timepiece pointed to 11



SENATOR MATTHEW S. QUAY.

o'clock. At the time the jury came filing into their places there were comparatively few people in the courtroom.

Demonstration Prevented.

There was an attempt at a demonstration, but this was sternly repressed by the court officers, whose loud shouts of "Order," "Order," "Silence," were effective in silencing those jubilant spirits who wished to give vent to their satisfaction by cheering. The officers were unable, however, to keep back those who struggled to get to Senator Quay and congratulate him. Chairs were upset, tables were brushed aside and hats were smashed by the onrushing crowd. Senator Quay, with a broad smile on his face, responded pleasantly to the greetings and congratulations of those who crowded around. A few of his political friends were there, and these men were loud and sincere in their expressions.

Cheers Outside the Courtroom.

Although the court officers prevented the cheering in the courtroom, their jurisdiction did not extend to the corridors of the city hall, and the first group of men who left the courtroom sent up a mighty shout, which was taken up and repeated by the crowds gathered just outside the "dead line" drawn by the watchmen, beyond which only possessors of tickets were allowed to pass.

Senator Quay walked with his friends one block down Broad street to the office of his counsel, where he made his escape from the surging crowd. It is understood that he will at once join his family in Washington and will probably go away for a long rest.

The Remaining Indictments.

After the crowd left the courtroom, District Attorney Rothermel was questioned regarding the remaining indictments. He said there are three of them and they are still pending, but he would not say what his course will be regarding them.

Political friends of Senator Quay are urging him to bring criminal prosecutions against those enemies who they claim are behind the prosecution of their favorite, but the senator will not indicate what his course in this respect may be.

The Quay Charges.

[The charges against Senator Quay followed the collapse of the Peoples bank in March, 1898, and the examination of its books by a receiver. The warrants were issued in the following October and included besides Mr. Quay and his son, the names of Charles H. McKee, a Pittsburgh lawyer, and ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood. On November 21 the grand jury found true bills against all but McKee. The suicide of Cashier Hopkins just prior to the bank's failure, prevented his coming within the scope of criminal action. The indictments were five in number. Those were reduced to four by the death of Mr. Haywood on February 23 of this year. One week after true bills had been found against Mr. Quay and the other defendants fled demurely to four of them and moved to quash the fifth. Judge Finlator on December 1 decided against the defendants. Counsel then carried the case to the supreme court, on the plea, among other contentions, that the prosecution was actuated by political motives which would prevent an impartial trial in this county. The supreme court declined to interfere. The trial was set for February 20 and was postponed until the 27th when it was again postponed until Monday of last week.]

Appointed United States Senator.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 22.—Immediately on receipt of the news that Matthew S. Quay was acquitted of the charges against him, Gov. Stone appointed him United States senator to fill the vacancy until the next legislative meets, and notified Vice President Hobart as follows:

"Sir: By virtue of the power vested in me as executive of the state of Pennsylvania, under article 1, clause 2, section 3, of the constitution of the United States, I hereby make temporary appointment of Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay to be United States senator from Pennsylvania to fill the vacancy now existing in this state. Very respectfully,

"WILLIAM A. STONE,
Governor of Pennsylvania."

Gov. Stone said that in appointing M. S. Quay he felt that he had done the fit and proper thing. He thought it would make the issue and is better done now than by waiting for weeks.

The authority cited by the governor says that the governor of any state may make temporary appointment during a recess to hold until the next legislative meets.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For the Week Ending April 24.

The Pennsylvania legislature has adjourned sine die.

The village of New Lisbon, Ind., was nearly wiped out by fire.

The village of Clay City, Kan., was nearly destroyed by fire.

Ex-Gov. Lord, of Oregon, has declined the tender of the mission to Persia.

The United States supreme court will adjourn for the present term on May 2.

Walter Kerr celebrated his one hundred birthday at his home near Aurora, Ind.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Carrollton, aged 112 years, took place near Anderson, Ind.

The Chicago & Alton railroad officials announce an increase in wages of all section men.

Frederick Smythe, ex-governor of New Hampshire, died in Hamilton, Bermuda, aged 80 years.

One of the most famous counterfeit gang in the country has been captured in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Eliza Stannard died at her home in Brooklyn, N. Y., at the age of 100 years, 11 months and 28 days.

Samuel T. Baird, member of congress from the Fifth district of Louisiana, died in Washington, aged 38 years.

German diplomatic circles deny that Germany has purchased from Spain Kusal island of the Caroline group.

Sheriff J. S. Dawson was killed from ambush while raiding illicit distilleries in the mountains of Cook county, Tenn.

Revenue officials went on a raid for counterfeit revenue stamps at Cincinnati and confiscated over 500,000 cigars.

The Kentucky law allowing negroes to be sold for a term of years for vagrancy has been declared unconstitutional.

More than 200 persons have been driven from their homes in the vicinity of Omaha, Neb., by high water in the Missouri river.

In a shooting affray near Treval, Tex., Edward Harding and James C. Trebathan were killed and L. C. Harding fatally wounded.

Rev. Robert Ryland, probably the oldest Baptist clergyman and educator in the United States, died in Lexington, Ky., aged 94 years.

George A. Marshall, who represented the Fourth Ohio district in congress two years, his term having expired last March, died in Sydney.

As the result of a lovers' quarrel Edward Morgan, a young farmer of Wolfsville, Md., fatally shot Mrs. Ortha Harshman and then shot himself.

Almost the entire \$5,000,000 that citizens of St. Louis propose to raise to clinch the proposition of holding a world's fair there is in sight.

With a capital stock of \$30,000,000, the newest trust, a consolidation of the shipping interests of the great lakes, was effected in New York.

The Missouri legislature has passed a bill levying an inspection tax of one cent per gallon and two cents for each package of beer sold in the state.

Rev. J. Q. A. Henry, leader of the crusade in Chicago against vice, has resigned the pastorate of the La Salle Avenue Baptist church and will go to New York.

Three Killed.

St. Paul, Minn., April 24.—A Baraboo (Wis.) special to the Dispatch says: When returning from a dance Saturday morning four young people were run down by the Chicago & North-western fast mail at Crawford's Crossing, about a mile from this city. Bennie Tulbis, Kittie Marshall and Nellie Welch were killed and Frank Donald badly injured.

Riot in Chinatown.

Fresno, Cal., April 21.—A factional fight between rival companies of Chinese highlanders resulted in the killing of three men and the fatal wounding of two others.

Revolution Ended.

Washington, April 22.—United States Minister Bridgman has cabled the state department from La Paz, Bolivia, that the revolution there has ended.

Millions for Charity.

Vienna, April 21.—The will of the late Baroness De Hirsch leaves an estate of \$125,000,000, of which \$100,000,000 goes to charity.

THE MARKETS.

New York, April 24.

LIVE STOCK—Steers	\$4.00 @ 5.20
Hogs	4.30 @ 4.45
Sheep	4.00 @ 4.15
WHEAT—Winter Straights	3.60 @ 3.75
Minnesota Patents	3.80 @ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	3.50 @ 3.65
May	75 1/2 @ 76 1/2
CORN—No. 2	42 1/2 @ 43 1/2
May	40 @ 41
OATS—No. 2	33 @ 34 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery	15 @ 16
Factory	12 @ 13 1/2
CHEESE—White	12 @ 13
EGGS	12 @ 14

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Prime Beef	\$5.00 @ 5.15
Texas	4.15 @ 4.30
Stockers	3.50 @ 4.20
Feeders	4.25 @ 4.50
Butt	3.00 @ 3.25
HOGS—Light Mixed	3.80 @ 4.00
Rough Packing	2.75 @ 3.00
SHEEP	3.00 @ 3.50
BUTTER—Creameries	12 @ 17
Dairies	11 1/2 @ 16
EGGS	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
POTATOES—(per bu.)	40 @ 50
PORK—July	9.30 @ 9.75
LARD—July	5.25 @ 5.40
RIBS—July	4.87 1/2 @ 4.92 1/2
GRAIN—Wheat, July	73 1/2 @ 74 1/2
Corn, July	34 1/2 @ 35 1/2
Oats, July	24 1/2 @ 25 1/2
Rye, May	50 1/2 @ 51
Barley, Thin Feed	40 @ 41

MILWAUKEE.

GRAIN—Wheat, Northern	\$1.00 @ 1.04
Oats	.29 1/2 @ .30 1/2
Rye, No. 1	.58 @ .59 1/2
Barley, No. 2	.45 1/2 @ .47

KANSAS CITY.

GRAIN—Wheat, July	\$1.00 @ 1.04
Corn, July	.29 1/2 @ .30 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White	.24 @ .25
Rye, No. 2	.50 @ .51 1/2

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Native Steers	\$4.00 @ 5.50
Texas Steers	3.75 @ 4.25
HOGS—Packers	3.50 @ 4.05
Butchers	3.50 @ 4.12 1/2
SHEEP—Native	4.00 @ 4.75

OMAHA.

CATTLE—Native Steers	\$4.00 @ 5.50
Cows and Heifers	3.75 @ 4.50
Stockers and Feeders	4.00 @ 4.10
HOGS—Mixed	3.70 @ 4.12 1/2
SHEEP—Western Muttons	4.25 @ 4.50